



Market Share vs. Addressable Market

Imagine as a farmer; you have been tending to your crops all year. It's harvest season and finally time to collect the spoils of your labor.

You start harvesting your crops only to find out that pesky rodents have been quietly eating away at your fields. You're devastated as you come to the realization that much of what you have been working so hard to cultivate has already been taken.

Feeling like **there is not much field left to harvest is what acquirers and investors are trying to avoid as they evaluate buying your business.** Metaphorically speaking, **buyers want to know that if they buy your business, there will be plenty of fertile farmland left for them to sow.**

Addressable Market

Investors call this **your "addressable market"** and **it is one of the main factors buyers will look at when they evaluate the potential of acquiring your company.**

"Business Gurus," tells us we should strive for market share so we can "control pricing." Market share is a worthy goal if your strategy is to maximize your profits. **However, if your primary objective is to increase the value of your company, you want to be able to communicate that you have relatively small market share across the entire addressable market. In other words, there is plenty of fertile fields left to cultivate.**

Consider the following ways you might expand the way you are currently thinking about the addressable market for what you sell:

Demographics

Demographics involve segmenting a market by objective measures like gender, income, age and education level. Marriott is a hotel chain, although they have created a variety of brands to address the various demographic segments they want to serve. Ritz Carlton is a Marriott brand that appeals to well-heeled travelers, and if all you want is a basic room, you could opt for a Courtyard Marriott. It's the same company, and **they have expanded their addressable market by focusing on different demographic segments.**

Psychographics

Psychographics involves segmenting your market according to the way people think. Toyota produces the Prius, which gets 50 miles per gallon and is a favourite among environmentalists. Toyota also manufactures the thirsty Tundra pickup truck and, at just 15 miles per gallon, attracts a different psychographic segment.

Geography

Success in your local market is great, and if you want to boost the value of your company in the eyes of an acquirer, you need to demonstrate that your concept crosses geographic lines. McDonald's has more than fourteen thousand locations in the United States, and they have also confirmed that the golden arches can draw a crowd in other markets. McDonald's has nearly three thousand stores in Japan, two thousand in China and more than a thousand locations in Canada, Germany, France and the United Kingdom.

You don't have to become a global giant like Marriott, Toyota or McDonald's to increase your company's value although **you do need to be able to communicate that your concept could work in other markets and that there is still plenty of "fertile farmland" left to cultivate!**